

POLITICAL.

LETTER FROM JUDGE M'LEAN.

To a number of the Anti-Masonic Convention.

From the Hagerstown Mail.

NASHVILLE, 7th SEPT. 1831.

Dear Sir: As the time for the meeting of the Convention at Baltimore is near, in pursuance of my promise, I have the honor to address you, on the subject of our conversation at Columbus. There are now three candidates for the Presidency before the People.

Mr. Van Buren, Mr. Clay, and Mr. Calhoun, have all been nominated by their friends, in public meetings and otherwise, and they must consequently be considered as competitors for that distinguished station. The addition of a fourth name to the list of candidates, and especially one as humble as mine, might lead, insofar as any influence could be attached to it, to distract still more the public mind. This I do not wish to see, as I do not think it would be injurious to the best interests of the country.

By a multiplication of candidates, an election by the People should be prevented, I should consider it a national misfortune. In the present agitated state of the public mind, an individual who should be elected to the Chief Magistracy by less than a majority of the votes of the People, could scarcely hope to conduct successfully the business of the nation. He should possess in advance the public confidence; and a majority of the suffrages of the People is the only satisfactory evidence of that confidence.

My situation on the bench imposes considerations of prudence and delicacy which do not arise, perhaps, from any other official station.

Whilst no one can deny the right of the People to select their Chief Magistrate from any of the branches of the Government, it would seem that a member of the Judiciary should decline the contest, unless the use of his name would be likely to tranquilize the public mind, and advance the prosperity of the country.

Without pretending that my name would be favorably considered by the Convention, I have to request that if it should come under consideration, you will make known the reasons why I most respectfully decline the honor of being presented to that respectable body for the nomination to the Presidency.

I would do injustice to my feelings, if I were not to tender to my friends in the Convention my warmest gratitude for their favorable consideration, and to assure them that I shall never cease to cherish the recollection of their good opinion.

With sentiments of the highest regard, I am, dear Sir, truly yours, JOHN M'LEAN.

LETTER FROM MR. CLAY.

To a letter dated Hanover, Indiana, Sept. 23, 1831, to Mr. CLAY, inquiring his sentiments relative to Masonry, he returned the following answer.

ASHLAND, OCT. 8, 1831.

Dear Sir: I hope you will excuse the delay in acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 24 ult, which has arisen from an absence from home and from various engagements.

Waiving the considerations that I have no knowledge of the existence of an Anti-Masonic meeting in Hanover, Indiana, other than that which is derived from your letter, nor of your appointment as a Committee to correspond with me, other than your statement, nor the satisfaction of a personal acquaintance with you, I will proceed at once to reply to your letter. Its principal object is to ascertain my sentiments on the subject of masonry; and the reason assigned by you for this inquiry is thus stated by yourselves: "As we are again shortly to be called upon to choose a man to preside over the councils of our nation; as it will then be our duty and privilege to raise our humble but independent voice in favor of him whom we may deem most worthy of our suffrage; and as you now stand a candidate for a high and important station, as your friendly and fellow-citizens, we solicit from you a frank and candid statement of your sentiments on this subject."

I do not know a solitary provision in the Constitution of the United States which conveys the slightest authority to the General Government to interfere, one way or the other, with either Masonry or Anti-Masonry. If therefore a President of the United States, or any other functionary of that Government, were to employ his official power to sustain, or to abolish, or to advance the interests of Masonry or Anti-Masonry, it would be an act of usurpation or tyranny.

You have not called upon me for my opinion upon any great practical measure falling within the scope of Federal power; but passing by every question of vital interest, within the sphere of its operation, you demand my sentiments upon a subject with which I humbly conceive it has nothing to do, and you place this demand on the ground of the influence which my sentiments might exert upon the exercise of an undoubted and important privilege which you possess as citizens of the United States.

A compliance, on my part, with your demand, would amount to an implied admission, that individual sentiments on the subject of Masonry, formed a proper consideration in regulating the exercise of the elective franchise in respect to offices of the Federal Government. I can make no such admission; I cannot believe that whether I am friendly or hostile to Masonry or Anti-Masonry, is at all material in the formation of any judgment, on the part of my fellow-citizens, concerning my fitness for any office under the Government of the United States. That elevated office to which you allude, should, in my opinion, be filled by one who is capable, unswayingly, of administering its high duties impartially towards the whole people of the United States; however divided in religious, social, benevolent or literary associations.

and is kept apart (to prevent the dry rot) without mortar or tenn, being held together with screw-bolts, which are so placed that as the timber seasons, they can be screwed up. The arches are of the lateral construction; that is, with an inclination towards the centre, braced together with diagonal braces connected with the abutments. The joint and floor beams are screwed with a double set of bolts to the stretchers, the whole being so secured as to bid defiance to the winds and all kinds of weather.

Baltimore and Frederick.—The interesting ceremony of the opening of the longest line of Rail-road in this or any other country will take place on Thursday next, the 1st day of December. On that day the continuous line of sixty miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road, uniting the cities of Baltimore and Frederick, will be opened by the Board of Directors in person.

This event is regarded by our neighbors of Frederick with lively interest which the occasion is so well calculated to inspire, and arrangements, we observe, are in progress for a public demonstration of their sentiments in reference to it.

Rail-Road Experiment.—An experiment was lately made, on the rail-road near Borden town, New Jersey, which was witnessed by a large concourse of citizens, comprising most of the members of the legislature of that state. A locomotive engine, and an elegant car sufficiently large to contain thirty persons, passed and re-passed upon the rail-road, a distance of about one mile and a quarter, a number of times, filled with passengers. Its greatest speed was from 35 to 40 miles an hour.—The company are said to be proceeding with great dispatch in finishing the road, which it is thought will be completed in the course of the next summer.

I am with great respect, your obedient servant, HENRY CLAY.

Memor. J. A. Walton, Noble Butler, J. H. Thomson.

Gov. Metcalf in his Message to the Legislature of Kentucky, says:—

It is believed to be a sound maxim in political economy, that national wealth consists in the most enlarged and varied capacity to acquire the necessities and comforts of life. The ancient, but fugitive theory, by which the minds of many have been bewildered, that national wealth consisted in accumulations over and above the annual consumption has long since been exploded. All practical statesmen now admit that hoarded accumulations, without a market or the means of transportation to market are valueless and will soon perish.

Whatever saves labor or time is admitted to be productive of wealth. Whatever facilitates and cheapens the process of exchanging one commodity for another, increases the capacity to produce; enriches the nation, adds to her offensive and defensive strength; diffuses happiness and comfort and joy amongst her own citizens; increases their love for home; affords them leisure for the cultivation of the mind; enables them to mingle without defined limit in the affairs of active life; exalts their character, and that of the State, to the loftiest summit of human elevation.

MONOCACY VIADUCT. The editor of the Frederick Herald, who was one of a large party of gentlemen from Frederick, who met the Directors of the Rail Road, and the Frederick Corporation, at Parr's ridge, on Saturday week—takes the occasion of some remarks on the Rail-road, and the excursion, to give the subjoined description of the splendid bridge or viaduct which has been constructed by Mr. L. Wernwag, for the passage of the Rail-road over the Monocacy. The Herald deems this structure the chef d'œuvre of that skillful and experienced bridge builder.

The bridge, or viaduct, crosses the Monocacy a short distance above that constructed for the Washington road, about three miles and a half from Frederick, on one of the most romantic sections of the river, and at the point from which the lateral road diverges towards Frederick. It is formed of three arches, resting on very solid abutments and piers of granite, laid compactly in mortar, rising 28 feet above water mark. The distance from the top of the piers to the floor of the bridge, is 15 feet—between the piers and abutments, taking the water on a level, 105 feet 10 inches—105 feet 7 inches, and 105 feet 11 inches.—Length of the arches 109 feet 10 inches—109 feet 9 inches—110 feet 4 inches. Length of the bridge on the top, 350 feet 3 inches. Width, 23 ft. 8 inches. Water way under chord, 26 feet. Western pier, 10 feet 2 inches in breadth. Eastern do, 10 feet. The objections to a viaduct with a roof, arise from the intended use of locomotives, and induced Mr. Wernwag to combine a principle that would remove them. Accordingly, the floor of the bridge is decked like that of a ship, the seams being caulked with oakum, and well pitched; thus rendering it completely impervious to water. The whole work is so constructed as to admit of repair without arresting the travel across it. The arches are entirely loose between the king-posts and braces, and rest in iron rollers, which rest on keys, by which means the arches can be raised at pleasure. The king-posts and braces keep the arches in their proper position, and prevent them from settling unequally. The whole of the timber has been sawed through the heart, as the phrase is,

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Indians.—Two weeks ago a detachment of the Wyandot Indians proceeded from this place to Missouri, for the purpose of exchanging the country as preliminary to a treaty for the sale of their reserves, and a removal West of the Mississippi. The whole tribe of the Senecas, upwards of two hundred in number, passed through here on their way, we understand, to Arkansas, having sold their lands in Ohio, to the U. States, and taken a final farewell of the homes of their fathers.

Indigo.—This plant is found in abundance on the pine lands, in this county. It frequently attains the height of six or eight feet. We have no data by which to estimate the comparative value of this plant as a crop with the other staples of the country;—the amount of exports from the British colonies where it is cultivated. We have reason to believe, however, that it is not less profitable than Sugar or Cotton. The general impression that its cultivation is productive of sickness will prevent its becoming a staple to any extent in this country.

American Silk.—A late Raleigh (N. C.) Register states that the family of J. W. Bynum, Esq. of Chatham, raised, during the last season, silk worms sufficient to produce 600 pounds of cocoons, which it is supposed will make twenty thousand skeins of sewing silk, and that of a quality equal if not superior to any Italian silk imported. Mrs. Bynum proposes to deposit a quantity of silkworms at the office of the Register, to be disposed of at 5 cents a skein.

Broom-Corn of Buxley.—The efforts of the friends of temperance appear to be met at every progressive step with seeming efforts at counteracting their benevolent intentions; scarcely one source of iniquity is exposed and its practice abandoned, before another rises, Phoenix-like, from its ashes, and perpetuates and strengthens the evil which had previously been abandoned.

The distillation of Cider Brandy has been a crying evil in this region, but the scarcity of apples and the force of public opinion, has reduced the quantity made, and the amount drunk, until, apparently, the worst and most brutalizing species of intemperance had subsided. But a new source of obtaining stimulating liquid has been found out, through the inventive genius of some queer yankee, and the land will yet be flooded with Broom-corn seed-whiskey; the seed of the broom-corn this year yields abundantly, and it is used as a substitute for malt in making stout and in manufacturing whiskey; we are told it can be had in abundance for thirty cents per bushel, the very best, and that one bushel will yield ten quarts of pure whiskey! This distillation has already begun, and the cultivation of broom-corn may yet prove a curse to the soil, and a ruinous scourge to those who raise it.—Northampton Courier.

Distress in New York.—A striking instance of the distress which prevails among the poor of New York, is related in a late New York paper.

The piles of steamboat wood had diminished so rapidly one cold night last week, that the police officers were called to search the houses in the vicinity. These houses are occupied from the cellar to the garret by families in the most pitiable and wretched state of destitution, some of them having not an article of furniture, not even a table, chair or stool, nor so much as the most trifling utensils for cooking. In all their apartments more or less wood was found,—say from a quarter of a cord to two cords; and such was the effect of the search, that on the succeeding morning the whole street was strewn with wood, which had been thrown out during the night, to avoid detection, if the search should be continued.

Cemeteries.—Two cemeteries for the dead have been erected in the suburbs of New York, one of which contains two hundred and eighty-eight marble vaults, all of which have been disposed of. The other cemetery is not yet entirely finished, but is much larger. The whole is surrounded by a solid stone wall, sunk ten feet below the surface of the earth, and rising twelve feet above it. The vaults range from east to west, are eight feet by eleven, about eight feet high, and built entirely of marble.

A Lucky Hoi Carrier.—A black fellow arrayed in tatters, and whose tatters liberally sprinkled with mortar, the symbol of his profession, presented the ticket, combination numbers, 45 49 56, which came up a prize of 20,000 dollars in the New York Lottery which drew on Wednesday last, at the counter of Robert F. Bicknell, Lottery and Exchange Broker, in Chestnut Street, yesterday morning, and immediately received for the same the due amount in cash.—Phoen. U. S. Gaz.

CHAPTER OF CRIME.

From the Frankfort, (Ky.) Commentator.

CASE OF DR. PIERCE.

The recent death of Ebenezer N. Robertson, Esq. a former member of the Assembly from Russell county, at the hand of Dr. Pierce, the last and present member, has been mentioned in the papers, with some allusion to the enormities which produced a catastrophe so appalling. The chief incident in this tragedy, was awfully sad and striking. The county court was sitting in the village, where the parties resided. Some business called Pierce into court. The first object which fixed his eye was Robertson—who by agreement had left the county never to return—now there, writing at the Clerk's table. Pierce gazed upon him, for a moment, in mute astonishment; then suddenly turned, and retiring by the door, re-appeared presently at the window beneath which Robertson sat, in the presence of the court. Reaching in with a pistol, he

and lodged the contents in his brain, a fatal shot! What could have moved a gentleman, till then ever mild, patient, and conciliatory in his deportment, to a deed of such singular daring?—Robertson had violated the marriage bed of Pierce, his friend—struck at his honor—ruined his family—planted daggers in his bosom! And, with humility he it spoken, there was no law in the land for the adequate punishment of such an outrage! The fact was notorious; not denied even by the offender himself. 'Satisfaction,' in the way called 'honorable,' had been demanded, but not rendered. The wrong was irreparable; no adequate amends could be made. The destroyer of his neighbor's peace—whose unprincipled indiscretion had cast a deep shade over virtues which might otherwise have brightly shone,—as some concession, had agreed to go forth from that part of the country, to return no more. Yet he did return; he availed himself of the sequences which might otherwise have been avoided. Dr. Pierce was required, by the judgment of the court, to give bail for his appearance at the next circuit court in that county, to answer what might be presented against him in relation to this matter. That court was in session last week, and Pierce was in attendance. One indictment against him for murder, and another for manslaughter, were laid before the grand jury. Having made such investigation, as they under their oaths deemed proper, they returned both indictments into court with their finding endorsed upon each—'not a true bill;—not a true bill;—and whatever opinion made up upon views merely technical, might be, upon the strict justice of the case, and upon the direct merits of the grand inquiry.

Unnatural Marriage.—This community has been excited in a most extraordinary degree, during the whole week, by the report of a man, whose name we forbear mentioning at present, living in town, having married his own sister. On Tuesday the sister was arrested and brought before the Mayor, and after a patient hearing of all the evidence, she was admitted to bail in the sum of one thousand dollars, to appear at the next Mayor's Court. The brother, against whom a warrant was also issued, is understood to have left the city. The evidence to prove the marriage and the relationship of the parties, is believed to be this.—He and his sister are both natives of England; the former is about 50 years old, and has been twenty-five years in this country; the sister is about forty, and has been here but two years. He belonged to a benevolent association in this city, and one evening, while walking with one of its members, about two weeks ago, he disclosed the fact of his having been married to his own sister. The person to whom this disclosure was made, was shocked in the extreme, and acquired what earthly motive could induce him to commit a crime so repugnant to all moral and divine laws. He replied that he and his late wife (who died very suddenly about five months ago) had not lived happily together, and he thought it would be best to marry his sister, as it would then be all in the family, and he would be more certain to live comfortably. After this, he mentioned the circumstance to several persons, and no legal measures being instituted, he began to boast of it, until it spread and became a topic of general conversation in the neighborhood.

Enquiries being set on-foot by the Mayor, warrants were issued as soon as the evidence was considered sufficiently strong, and the female was arrested. The brother has repeatedly declared that this woman was his sister. She joined her brother in this city, about two years ago, in consequence of the decease of all her relations in England, and took up her abode in his house. He has shown many of her letters to different persons, and if the united testimony of the parties is to be believed, there can be no doubt of their being brother and sister.

Occultation.—Early in the evening of Friday, Dec. 9th, the beautiful planet Jupiter will, with all his satellites, appear to the inhabitants of the United States to be eclipsed by the moon, under circumstances the most favorable to observation. A phenomenon which, it is hoped, will not be permitted to pass unnoticed.

The immersion will take place on the dark, and the Emersion on the enlightened side of the moon.

An occultation of this planet is of very rare occurrence; the last that was observed in this country happened in the autumn of 1820, and another is not to be expected for many years.

It is stated by Russian physicians, that the surest preventive of Cholera, is to leave off drinking brandy and getting the itch. The herrings on the coast of Scotland are supposed to be so infected with the former disease, in consequence of their eating the bodies of those who died of it, and had been thrown into the sea, that the poorer classes in Edinburgh refuse to eat of them.

We learn from the Courier Francais of the 10th October, that 29,000 francs, (about 4,000 dollars), which were subscribed in New York to aid the Poles in their struggle for independence, have reached the hands of Gen. Lafayette. By a resolution of the New York meeting, this sum, in the event of the defeat of the Polish cause, is destined to assist such Poles as the victorious Autocrat should honor by proscription.

A Chilian Saucut announces a discovery which he says solves the problem as to the spot where the Potatoe was originally found in its native state. He has discovered it in a valley of the Andes, which, he says, no one but a naturalist would have been induced to visit, so great are the difficulties of approach; he, therefore, claims for his country the honor of having produced this vegetable.

Lamps will have a less disagreeable smell if you dip your wick yarn in strong hot vinegar, and dry it.

A painful ley, with a piece of copperas half as big as a hen's egg, boiled in it, will colour a fine nankin color, which will never wash out. This is very useful for the linings of bed quilts, comforters, &c.

No woman hates a man for being fat (read, but many a woman hates a man for not being more than a woman).

The wife was alleged to have died without any previous illness, and to have suddenly, as to be unknown to many of the neighbors, until they received intimations to the funeral. Her decease took place about five months ago, and we understand that suspicion is strongly excited, that it is probable the body of the deceased wife will be interred for medical examination.

The unnatural marriage is said to have been effected in Germany, by an Episcopal Minister, who was of course ignorant of the true relations of the parties. This took place nearly two months ago, so that the wife could have been but three months dead. As we were aware that a multitude of rumors are in circulation on the subject, great care has been taken to obtain the above particulars in the most responsible quarters, and they are believed to be substantially correct.

From the Philadelphia Enquirer.

Gamblers arrested.—On Saturday evening last, Esquire Walker was in possession of a large quantity of playing cards, which he had procured from an establishment, which for a long time has been in existence, was then in operation at the corner of Calowhill and John streets, in Spring Garden. He immediately called to his assistants, constables Albright, Wallace, and Moore, and proceeded to the spot. Esquire Walker having received the necessary passwords to enable him to obtain admission into this temple of iniquity, passed three several doors, and was finally ushered into a large room, in which were about sixty persons, all engaged in gambling with cards, &c. One of the persons, recognising the magistrate, opened the door in an effort to escape, when the constables, who were stationed on the outside as a relief guard, immediately entered; and such a scene of jumping out of windows, escaping through doors, &c. ensued, as bids defiance to description. All the sashes of the windows were broken; the panels of the doors gave way; and such a stream of infamy tumbled down the stair-way as has but seldom greeted the eyes of Constable Hays, or any other of our known thief-catchers of this republic. The officers of justice, despite their considerable exertions, in capturing nineteen persons, a portion of whom were immediately committed to prison, and the others adequately fined. This has this nest of gamblers been utterly destroyed. Esquire Walker and his assistants evinced an integrity and devotion to the public good throughout this enterprise, that reflect upon their infinite credit; and they deserve, and will no doubt receive, the thanks of the community for disbanding and routing this nest of blacklegs and

The National Republic Convention met in Baltimore on Monday the 11th inst. The nomination of Mr. C. may be pretty certain.

We discover a dispute going on in papers about the death of Tecumseh. Did he die? Some say Col. Johnson—the deed to another person. It seems to be a matter of little importance. Col. J. rendered good service, and so did an Indian. We see no objection to Colonel Johnson's credit on the act, except possibly elevate him to the Presidency. We do not conceive him qualified, as far as Indian fighting goes.

Richmond, Nov. 24. Judge Marshall was expected in the Steam Boat on Tuesday, and took his seat on the bench of the Federal Court yesterday. He is nearly entirely recovered from the effects of the operation—and his health appears in every respect to be very much improved.—Col.

Execution of the Convicts.—The execution of the convicts, condemned at the late Superior Court, was suspended in pursuance of a writ of Habeas Corpus.

We learn that two slaves with conspiracy to make insurrection were tried at the late session of the Superior Court for the county of Frederick, and found Guilty. We have no particulars relative to the result of the Court.

Fire!—The mill belonging to Messrs. John Hess, and Co. Mr. John Sturr, situated on a pike road leading from Hagerstown to Sharpsburg, was totally destroyed by fire, on Wednesday morning, together with the books, accoutrements of Mr. Sturr, and 6 or 800 lbs grain, the greater part belonging to customers. The fire is supposed to have occurred by accident.

The State Colonization Society of Tennessee, met at Nashville last. Several resolutions were adopted, one of which authorized managers to appropriate a sum from the funds of the Society to defray the expenses of intelligent free men of color, to be sent to Liberia, for the purpose of ascertaining, from personal observation, the present condition and prospects of the Colony.

On Friday, says Gallego senger of Oct. 3d, Lieut. General, lately arrived from the States of America, had the dine with the King and Roy.

The good Housewife.—The creative genius of man Chorley, a mechanic has a machine to thrash, winnow, it will also churn and scrag rock the cradle, and darn. He calls it the good housewife.

THE FREE PRESS. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1831.

alleged to have died previous illness, and so be unknown to many of until they received information...

Philadelphia Enquirer. On Saturday arrived. On Saturday arrived...

With the facilities which will be afforded in every respect by the Rail-road, a spirit of enterprise will be infused into all our business...

We hope a proper interest will be awakened, and that every citizen will contribute something, however small it may be.

The National-Republican Convention will meet in Baltimore on Monday the 14th inst. The nomination of Mr. Clay, may be considered pretty certain.

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by Russian physicians, preventive of Cholera drinking brandy and getting the herring on the land...

from the Courier Fran- 10th October, that 20,000 (4,000 dollars), which bed in New York to aid their struggle for inde-

Gunpowder seized. On Wednesday evening some citizens of that town gave information at the police office that a very large quantity of gunpowder was concealed in Harlaem...

From Sumatra.—Mr. Field, the supercargo of ship Candace, arrived at Boston from Sumatra, states that the natives and Malays on the Coast had become much emboldened...

Ship Augusta. Towns left Qualla Batoos about July 1, for Padang. She went into Q. B. ignorant of the attack on the Friendship of Salem...

The deceitful Malays will soon find that the Americans have the power as well as the inclination to punish them. The Potomac will soon be down upon them.

THE MARKETS. BALTIMORE, NOV. 25. FLOUR.—In prosecuting our inquiry today we find that some of the dealers name \$5 3/4 as the store price...

MARRIED. On Sunday the 20th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Riley, Mr. Thomas Spies to Miss Corbetta Mitchell, both of Harpers-Ferry...

WILMINGTON, N. C. NOV. 16. Execution of the Convicts.—On Saturday last about 12 o'clock, the slaves condemned at the late Superior Court...

The State Colonization Society of Tennessee, met at Nashville on the 8th inst. Several resolutions were adopted, one of which authorized the managers to appropriate a sufficient sum from the funds of the Society...

On Friday, says Galigani's Messenger of Oct. 31, Lieut. General Bernard, lately arrived from the United States of America, had the honor to dine with the King and Royal Family.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE LISB'S MOUNTAINS, which have been returned as delinquent, for the year 1820 and prior years, have been prepared, published, and extensively distributed...

Valuable Jefferson County LAND FOR SALE. THAT beautiful farm, belonging to the estate of the late Col. Van Rutherford, is now offered for sale.

CORN FOR SALE. WILL be sold, at public sale, on Saturday the 10th day of December, at the late residence of Richard McSherry, dec'd...

NEGROES FOR SALE. WILL be sold, on the first day of December, (if not sold privately before that time), at the Court-house of Jefferson County, for cash.

SLAVES TO HIRE. I WILL offer for hire, at Leetown, on the 28th inst., three-fourths of the Slaves belonging to the heirs of Richard Baylor, Esq. dec'd.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, & C. D. HOLT, Jr. has just received a neat assortment of Watches, Jewelry, and Fancy Articles, which he is determined to sell on as good terms as can be had at any shop west of Baltimore.

FOR SALE, A Young Negro Woman. ACCUSTOMED to every kind of house work. Apply at this office. RIDING WHIP FOUND. FOUND, near Mr. Samuel Stiles's, a Cental Course, & a neat RIDING WHIP.

At the New Concern! WE have just received, One hundred bushels ground allum Sals, One hundred bushels Peas, And a few barrels of Mackerel.

\$100 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 31st of October last, a Negro Man named ISAAC, about 20 years old. He is about 5 feet 3 inches high, a square built well set fellow, tawny complexion, very full face, and down 1800 when spoken to.

ESTRAY COW. STRAYED from the subscriber, being a small black cow, with a white blaze on her face, and a white spot on her side. No particular mark except a little white on her bag. A reward of Four Dollars will be given for her recovery.

PROPOSALS. To publish a Monthly Literary and Political Magazine to be entitled AMERICAN ANNALS. And Repository of Politics, Science, and Literature.

NOTICE. THE subscriber having procured letters of Administration upon the estate of the late Mrs. Mary Ann Smith, dec'd, she is now ready to receive and pay all claims against said estate.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS. PROPOSALS will be received until the 24 day of December next, for building a Toll House at the Cross Roads near Mr. Alstadt's, 16 feet by 22, from out to out, one and a half story high; of frame, to be lathed and plastered, and to be completed by the 1st of March next.

THOMAS C. LANE & CO. RESPECTFULLY solicit the attention of their friends and the public generally to a Large and Splendid Assortment of New and Fashionable DRY GOODS.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT. THE undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and the public generally, that he has opened a Splendid and General Supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE well known store room lately occupied by N. Carter. It is unnecessary to enter into particulars. He will only state a call, well satisfied that he can offer inducements to purchasers, not to be surpassed any where.

THE 7000 prizes of \$4 to be awarded to the first, second, or third division, to be determined by that which may draw the capital prize of 5,000 dollars, so that the holder of three tickets, one in each division, is certain to draw one prize, and may draw four.

SALE.

ON Saturday the 3d of December next, at the residence of the late Thomas Bruce, I will offer for sale the property of said Bruce, to wit: Two valuable HORSES. One good Cow, and one Steer. Three Fat HOGS. Household and Kitchen Furniture, Beds, Fire-wood and Rails, Hay and Fodder, &c.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, on Monday the 5th of December next, at the late residence of Capt. James Shirley, dec'd, all the personal estate of said deceased, consisting in part of: Horses, Cows and Sheep, Fat and Stock HOGS, Wheat, Rye, and Corn, Farming Utensils of every kind, Household and Kitchen Furniture, And sundry other articles.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, on Tuesday the 6th of December, 1831, at the late residence of Dr. Samuel W. Washington, dec'd, on the road leading from Charlestown to Smithfield, equidistant from either place, valuable Household Furniture of every description; Clock, Sideboard, Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads, and Bedding, Plate, China (French and Canton) Glass, &c.

VALUABLE TANNERY. I WILL sell, or lease for a term of from 5 to 10 years, my well-known and complete Tannery in Smithfield, Jefferson County. It is situated in a fine neighborhood for custom, and is well stocked at this time with country hides—its well arranged for business, and will be found a situation worthy the attention of an enterprising man.

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JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE.

WILL be offered for sale, on Thursday the 8th day of December next, THE FARM called Pleasant Grove, the residence of John Davenport, dec'd, situated within five miles of Charlestown, and three miles south east of Smithfield. This farm contains about 240 ACRES, one third of which is heavily timbered, and the cleared land in a high state of cultivation.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, on Friday the 9th of December next, at the late residence of Otto McGoey, dec'd, near the late B. Breder's Mill, all the personal property of said dec'd, consisting in part of the following articles: Household and Kitchen Furniture, Valuable Work Horses, One Road Wagon, One Plantation ditto, Hogs, Cattle and Sheep, Corn and Rye, &c.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, on Tuesday the 6th of December, 1831, at the late residence of Dr. Samuel W. Washington, dec'd, on the road leading from Charlestown to Smithfield, equidistant from either place, valuable Household Furniture of every description; Clock, Sideboard, Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads, and Bedding, Plate, China (French and Canton) Glass, &c.

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THE well known store room lately occupied by N. Carter. It is unnecessary to enter into particulars. He will only state a call, well satisfied that he can offer inducements to purchasers, not to be surpassed any where.

DR. J. ANDREWS & CO. DE LA MONTERAT'S Columbian Vegetable Specific.

NOTE the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever yet discovered for the cure of Consumption. To all afflicted with those troublesome affections, an immediate use of this highly celebrated Specific is only necessary to convince the most incredulous of its possessing qualities superior to any other medical preparation yet discovered.

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Trust Sale. BY virtue of a deed of trust, from Michael Walsh to the undersigned, as trustee for Thomas Walsh, dated 30 July, 1828, and recorded in the clerk's office of Jefferson county, I will offer at public sale, on the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday the 23rd day of December next, at the residence of the said Michael Walsh, in Bolivar, the following personal property, to-wit: Five feather beds and bedding, three bedsteads, a dozen chairs, six sofas, two upholders, two tables, a safe, a looking glass, two dozen dishes, a dozen knives and forks, two cows, a horse, a cart and gear, and sundry other articles mentioned in said deed.

STOVES. I HAVE just received, a very handsome assortment of STOVES. Of several kinds, such as: The late Improved Cooking Stoves, Franklin and Close Stoves, which I will sell cheap for cash.

Fall and Winter Goods. SUPER. black, blue, and fancy colored Cloths, Medium black, blue, and fancy colored Cloths, Cassimeres and Cassinets, Plain, black and figured silk velvet Veating, Swandown and Valencia ditto, 6-4 black & colored French Merino Cloths, Do. do. English do. do. Bombazets and Circassians, Black and scarlet Merino Shawls, Do. Cashmere do. Thibet Wool, Cashmere, Barriage & Crape Handkerchiefs, Black and colored worsted, Lambs-wool, silk and printed Hosiery, Black and colored Gro. de Naples, Fish Perlin, Black lace Veils, Winter Ribbons, -Scarlet Calicoes, Just received and for sale cheap by WILLIAM N. RIDDLE & CO. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

Bolivar New Store. THE subscriber is now receiving and opening at his Drug Store, an extensive and well-selected stock of DRY GOODS, ENTIRELY NEW, Which he proposes to sell low, for cash, or on accommodating terms to punctual customers; amongst which are: Black, blue, brown, olive, drab, and steel-mixt Cloths, Satinets and Vesting, Cassimeres and Flannels assorted, Splendid Calicoes, Black Lustring and Gro. de Nap. Silks, Fancy colored ditto, Cashmere Merino, silk and various fancy Shawls, Figured and plain Swiss muslin and book Shawls, A general assortment of bleached and unbleached domestic Cottons, Blankets, coarse Cloths and felled Linsey for servants' wear, Cullery and Hardware, Shoes for gentlemen and ladies, Stationery, &c. Groceries and Liquors.

Fresh Drugs and Medicines. Which makes his assortment very complete. Surgical Instruments, Thermometers, &c. Country produce taken in exchange. Rags, &c. and the highest price given. JOHN R. HAYDEN. Bolivar, Nov. 17, 1831.

FALL GOODS. THE subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving a large and handsome assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, Which he is determined to sell cheap. Persons wishing to purchase, will please call and examine for themselves. JOHN FRAMM. Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 20, 1831.

S. MARMADUKE & CO. HAVE the pleasure of informing their friends and the public, that they have just returned from the Eastern Markets, with a handsome supply of New and Seasonable Goods, Which they flatter themselves will be found, upon examination, cheap. They respectfully solicit the patronage of the friends of the late firm—upon an assurance that their Goods will be sold low, and upon terms accommodating. Oct. 27, 1831.

GROCERIES. JUST received, an extensive supply of Brown, leaf and lump Sugars, Java, Porto Rico, and St. Domingo Coffee, Imperial and Y. H. Tea, N. O. Molasses—Pepper, Allspice, &c. G. A. and blown Salt, &c. All of which they respectfully offer at fair prices. RUSSELL & FITZSIMMONS. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

LIQUORS. ON hand, a general assortment of Liquors: Old Cognac Brandy, do. Jamaica Spirits, do. Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, St. Croix do. Madeira, Cherry & WINE, Malaga and Port. A few barrels of prime Whiskey. All of which will be sold low by the barrel or otherwise. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

FALL GOODS. I AM now receiving a handsome supply of FALL GOODS, which will be sold cheap. WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, Sept. 23, 1831.

NOTICE. THE subscriber having obtained letters of administration upon the estate of the late Doctor Liza Guitous, has authorized Mr. John R. Flagg to settle the accounts due to the estate. Mr. Flagg will receive the money from those who can conveniently pay, and it is hoped and believed that those who cannot pay at this time, will without hesitation close the accounts by giving their notes. Nov. 3, 1831.

NEW AND ELEGANT FALL & WINTER GOODS. JOHN J. FRAMM has just received and is now opening, an extensive and beautiful assortment of Seasonable Goods, amongst which are a great variety of splendid, new style, and fashionable articles. He respectfully invites the public to call and examine his stock, it being complete and prices unusually low. Charlestown, Nov. 10, 1831.

Wanted. WE wish to purchase ONE HUNDRED NEGROES of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age. Also, mechanics of every description. Apply at John Buckmaster's tavern. Any letters addressed to us at this place will meet prompt attention. S. C. FRANKLIN, E. P. LEGG. Charlestown, June 10, 1831.

Filled and Plaid Linseys. WE have on hand a large stock of filled and plaid LINSEYS, manufactured in Martinsburg, which we will sell cheap, by the piece or yard. W. N. RIDDLE & CO. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

100 BUSHELS for sale by WM. CLEVELAND. Charlestown, Nov. 17, 1831.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD. STRAYED from the subscriber, some time the first of last month, (October,) a GREY MARE, four years old last spring, about fifteen and a half hands high, long mane and tail—has a small wart on the under lid of the left eye. Any person returning the said mare shall be entitled to the above reward of \$10. MICHAEL COOK. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 10, 1831.

Charlestown Library. ONE year's contribution, amounting to \$3 on each share, is now due. In addition to this, several subscribers are in arrears for contributions. Long indulgence cannot be given. ALFRED EHNSTOCK, HENRY STRIDER. Nov. 5, 1831.

WM. ANDERSON RETURNS thanks for the liberal encouragement extended to them, and solicits the attention of their customers and all persons wishing to buy good bargains, to a splendid assortment of NEW GOODS, suitable for the season, and the price themselves to give ample satisfaction to all persons who will favor them with a call. Bolivar, Shenandoah-St. Oct. 20, 1831.

W. & S. B. ANDERSON. They are receiving a splendid assortment of GOODS, embracing almost every article suitable to the present and approaching season, and are enabled to sell cheap, having bought them in the best market and with considerable care. Harpers-Ferry, High-St. Oct. 20, 1831.

NEW GOODS. WE have just received, and are now opening a large and splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, Carefully selected and purchased for cash. We respectfully request the citizens of Jefferson to call and examine them. W. N. RIDDLE & CO. Charlestown, Oct. 27, 1831.

New and Seasonable Goods. THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they have removed to the new house on the corner of Shenandoah and Potomac streets, where they have commenced opening their Fall Supply of New and Fashionable GOODS, Which, in the course of 8 or 10 days, will be completed from recent importations of Philadelphia and Baltimore. They flatter themselves that their goods will be found cheap, and their assortment embracing as great a variety as is generally found in any retail store. To the lovers of good bargains, they would say—call, examine, and satisfy yourselves. RUSSELL & FITZSIMMONS. Oct. 20, 1831.

BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS. THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of their friends and the public, to a very extensive assortment of Shoes now on hand, which they are determined to sell at reduced prices. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

NEW CONCERN. GOODS—Elegant, Pleasant, Cheap. THE undersigned are receiving and opening, at the well-known stand in Charlestown, long occupied by Jefferson and Cleveland, nearly opposite the Bank, a very extensive and well-selected assortment of Splendid New Goods, Which they propose selling on terms as advantageous as possible, and to call from them to a call from every one disposed to consult interest or taste. Call and see—call and judge—call and buy! H. JEFFERSON, HENRY BROWN. Charlestown, Oct. 30, 1831.

A REQUEST. ALL prize tickets sold by us, in either the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, or 5th class of the Virginia-Free-Road Lottery, we wish presented immediately for payment. RUSSELL & FITZSIMMONS.

Virginia Free-Road Lottery. CAPITAL PRIZE \$10,000. Lowest Prize \$5. Tickets \$4. R. & F. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

VINEGAR. ON hand a large supply of superior pickling Vinegar. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

WHEAT. I WILL give the highest market price, in cash, for Twenty Thousand Bushels of merchantable WHEAT, delivered in the Hopewell Mills. JAMES HITE. Oct. 6, 1831.

DISSOLUTION. THE partnership of Strider & Fahnestock being this day dissolved by mutual consent, persons having claims against them will call on Henry Strider for payment, and those indebted to them will pay to him, as he is to close the concern. Long indulgence cannot be given. ALFRED EHNSTOCK, HENRY STRIDER. Nov. 5, 1831.

REMOVAL. THE store of the undersigned has been removed, for a short time, to the store room lately occupied by Mr. N. Buckmaster, where the public can be accommodated, as usual, with Goods of every description, on good terms. A fresh supply lately received. WM. CLEVELAND. Oct. 13, 1831.

New Goods! New Goods!! GEORGE W. HAMMOND respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he is now receiving from the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, a large and general supply of Fall and Winter Goods, to which he would solicit their attention. Charlestown, Oct. 13, 1831.

NOTICE. WILLIAM ANDERSON respectfully requests that all persons having claims against him, will please present them for payment. Harpers-Ferry, High Street, Oct. 20, 1831.

W. Anderson & Co. RESPECTFULLY return thanks for the liberal encouragement extended to them, and solicits the attention of their customers and all persons wishing to buy good bargains, to a splendid assortment of NEW GOODS, suitable for the season, and the price themselves to give ample satisfaction to all persons who will favor them with a call. Bolivar, Shenandoah-St. Oct. 20, 1831.

STOVES, STOVE-PIPE, Sheet-Iron, Steel, &c. THE subscribers offer a few ten-pipe Stoves, remaining low. Also on hand, Tin-Ware, Dripping Pans, &c. NAILS—3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, and 20d. Spikes, fencing Nails, Flooring and case Brads, A general supply of Hinges and Screws. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

OILS, PAINTS, &c. SPIRITS, linseed, and fish Oil, White Lead, in oil, do. dry, Red Lead, Venetian do. Spanish Brown, do. W. bluing, Copal and Japan Varnish, Verdigris, -Crom, Yellow, do. Green, Prussian Blue, -Vermilion, Paint Brushes, &c. Russell & Fitzsimmons. Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 3, 1831.

NEW GOODS, AT KABLE'S MILLS. THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they have formed a Co-Partnership with Silas Marmaduke, and that the business in future will be conducted under the name and firm of MARMADUKE & CO. who are authorized to receipt and receive all monies due the late firm of J. Neer & Co. RUSSELL & FITZSIMMONS. Oct. 27, 1831.

WANTED, An Assistant in a Country Retail Store. A YOUNG MAN who can be well recommended as a good salesman and accountant. To such an one, a fair salary will be given. Address C. W. (post paid) care of the Editor of this paper. Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1831.

MONTE PARVO FOR SALE OR RENT. THIS PROPERTY, belonging to the heirs of the late John Dixon, well known to be pleasantly situated, convenient to town, retired and healthy, the said heirs will rent for a term of years, or sell the SEATS separate, and adjoining land divided into lots, or the whole together, as the purchasers may choose. The property need not be further described, as any wishing to rent or purchase, can take a view of the buildings, premises, &c. THE HEIRS. Charlestown, Oct. 27, 1831.

Wanted. THE subscribers are now receiving and opening a splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising almost every article now in use. They respectfully invite their customers and the public generally, to call and examine their stock. WM. LOCK & CO. Charlestown, Oct. 6, 1831.

Wanted. 10,000 BUSHELS RYE, 10,000 BUSHELS CORN, And any quantity of WHEAT, For which the market price will be given in CASH, Merchandise, or part of each. WE have just received our supply of FALL & WINTER GOODS, Which we will sell on accommodating terms. G. H. Rupert & R. Kowaler. Smithfield, Oct. 27, 1831.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Elizabeth Alstad, widow of Jacob Alstad, dec'd, and John H. Alstad and Harriet E. Alstad, infant children and heirs of said Jacob Alstad, dec'd, by the said Elizabeth their mother and next friend, Plaintiffs, AGAINST Jesse Moore and John Hinkle, John Mohler, David Mohler, George Mohler, Daniel Mohler, Sylvester G. Mohler, Jacob Mohler and Nancy his wife, and Henry Mohler and Harriet his wife, heirs of John Mohler, dec'd, Stephen Dalgarn and Barbara his wife, late Barbara Alstad, widow of Daniel Alstad, dec'd, and Jacob Alstad, infant children and heirs of said Daniel Alstad, dec'd, Sarah Moore, late Sarah Alnut, only child and heiress of Jesse Alnut, dec'd, and Colin Auld, defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: John Motter, John Hinkle, & Cromwell Orrick, Plaintiffs, AGAINST James Ryan, and William Moore and William Coyle, senior, administrators of William Coyle, junior, dec'd, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Bushrod W. Herbert and Noblet Herber, who are infants, and sue by Edmund L. Lee, Jr. their next friend, Plaintiffs, AGAINST William Herbert, William Dillow, Jr., John A. Washington and Bushrod C. Washington, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Elizabeth Cooks, widow and relict of Michael Cooks, deceased, and Sally Cooks, Plaintiffs, AGAINST John Calhoun and Mary his wife, late Mary Cooks, Elizabeth Cooks, Catharine Cooks, John Kennel and Sophia his wife, late Sophia Cooks, Solomon Miller and Margaret his wife, late Margaret Cooks, and Michael Cooks; the said Mary, Elizabeth, Catharine, Sophia, Margaret and Michael, being children and heirs of Michael Cooks, deceased, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

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VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Margaret Gummert, widow and relict of Christian Gummert, dec'd, John T. Cooks, and Daniel Boyer, Plaintiffs, AGAINST Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Greer and Charlotte his wife, Abram Iler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, Christian Gummert, Sarah Gummert, administratrix with the will annexed of Daniel Gummert, dec'd, and Ver Willis, Sheriff of Jefferson County, to whom was committed the administration of the estate of John Gummert, dec'd, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: The defendants, Jacob Crowl and Sally his wife, Nathaniel Greer and Charlotte his wife, Abram Iler and Mary his wife, Hugh McNamee and Susan his wife, and Christian Gummert, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Neill Christy, Plaintiff, AGAINST Robert T. Brown, c. c.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Michael K. Wartman, Defendant, AGAINST The defendant, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: James Ryan, and William Moore and William Coyle, senior, administrators of William Coyle, junior, dec'd, Defendants, AGAINST The defendant, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: John Motter, John Hinkle, & Cromwell Orrick, Plaintiffs, AGAINST James Ryan, and William Moore and William Coyle, senior, administrators of William Coyle, junior, dec'd, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Elizabeth Cooks, widow and relict of Michael Cooks, deceased, and Sally Cooks, Plaintiffs, AGAINST John Calhoun and Mary his wife, late Mary Cooks, Elizabeth Cooks, Catharine Cooks, John Kennel and Sophia his wife, late Sophia Cooks, Solomon Miller and Margaret his wife, late Margaret Cooks, and Michael Cooks; the said Mary, Elizabeth, Catharine, Sophia, Margaret and Michael, being children and heirs of Michael Cooks, deceased, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Bushrod W. Herbert and Noblet Herber, who are infants, and sue by Edmund L. Lee, Jr. their next friend, Plaintiffs, AGAINST William Herbert, William Dillow, Jr., John A. Washington and Bushrod C. Washington, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Elizabeth Cooks, widow and relict of Michael Cooks, deceased, and Sally Cooks, Plaintiffs, AGAINST John Calhoun and Mary his wife, late Mary Cooks, Elizabeth Cooks, Catharine Cooks, John Kennel and Sophia his wife, late Sophia Cooks, Solomon Miller and Margaret his wife, late Margaret Cooks, and Michael Cooks; the said Mary, Elizabeth, Catharine, Sophia, Margaret and Michael, being children and heirs of Michael Cooks, deceased, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Phebe Bennett, administratrix of Van Bennett, deceased, and Van Doren Bennett, William Bennett, Alfred Bennett, Thomas Bennett, Benoni Bennett, Lurana Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, and Mary Bennett, children and heirs of said Van Bennett, deceased, Plaintiffs, AGAINST George Entler, Plaintiff.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: Philip Coons, Plaintiff, AGAINST James Stubblefield, Sen., James Stubblefield, Junior, Philip Coons, Hiram Carney, David Near, William Mayberry, and John Hendle, Defendants.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in November, 1831: The defendants, Philip Coons and William Mayberry, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: Robert T. Brown, c. c., Plaintiff, AGAINST Dr. W. Judkins, Defendant.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: The defendant, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in October, 1831: The defendant, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

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